Forest Service

Washington Office

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To:	Regional Foresters, Station Directors, II	IF Director, Deputy Chiefs, and WO Directors

The 2021 fire year was challenging on many fronts. With 99 days spent at National Preparedness Levels 4 and 5, severe drought increasing intense fire activity across the West, thousands of communities at risk, firefighter fatigue, and COVID-19 degrading our response capabilities, we successfully confronted an historic national crisis. Together, we persevered through these challenges. I am proud of the professionalism and determination we continually demonstrated while living our agency core values of safety, diversity, service, conservation, and interdependence. This interdependence, coupled with common goals of protecting our communities and natural resources, will provide us the framework for this fire year.

If we are to change the current trajectory of the wildfire crisis in this country, we must use all the tools available to us to increase hazardous fuels reduction work by two to four times current levels across larger landscapes (https://www.fs.usda.gov/sites/default/files/Confronting-Wildfire-Crisis.pdf). That is our focus and priority, using the significantly increased funds we received from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), along with our regular appropriations. We must recognize, though, that this work will take a sustained effort over the long-term to make a true difference in fire behavior and community resilience. In 2022, with nearly 90 percent of the West remaining in drought, the level of hazardous fuels across the landscape, and the expanding wildland urban interface, we face an extremely challenging fire year and our wildland fire system will continue to be tested. Therefore, it is critical that we are anchored to risk management principles as we make decisions regarding prioritization as well as tactics and strategies employed in fire suppression.

Our foremost priority is to protect the health, safety, and well-being of the fire management community and the public we serve. As such, we will align our COVID-19 mitigation strategies with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (<u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/community-levels.html</u>) with respect to masks and testing of our firefighters. We will also continue with small, dispersed fire camps and remote incident management. Finite resources require making choices, including to commit firefighters only to operations where they have a high probability of success and can operate effectively with no exposure to unnecessary risk to meet reasonable objectives.

Ensuring the well-being and resiliency of our brave firefighters and workforce is of paramount importance. Extensive time away from families and complex, high stress working environments tax their physical and psychological resilience. To help address these very real problems, changes have been made to Chapter 7 of the *2022 Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations (Red Book)* that update work rest guidelines to require three days of rest for every 14 days worked, excluding travel days, upon return to their home unit. I also encourage you to review and use the support available through the





Forest Service Employee Assistance Program. The *NWCG Preparedness Guide for Firefighters and their Families* (https://www.nwcg.gov/sites/default/files/publications/pms600.pdf) and the companion *Reset Guide* (https://www.fs.usda.gov/sites/default/files/fs_media/fs_document/Reset%20Guide_web.pdf) are important resources to support the health and well-being of the wildland fire community. Work is also ongoing with the Department of the Interior and the Office of Personnel Management to develop a wildland firefighter series and improve pay parity to better recognize the value of the work done by our wildland firefighters. We will continue to provide information on these efforts as they move forward and will engage with our wildland firefighters to ensure their voices are part of this work.

As we work to address immediate threats of uncharacteristic wildfire, it is important we continue to take proactive steps to reduce future risks of damaging wildfires when and where opportunities present themselves to employ fire in the right place, at the right time, and for the right reasons. In addition to mechanical treatments, extensive science supports using fire on the landscape and recognizes it as an important tool to reduce risk and create resilient landscapes at the necessary scale. I recognize that can be controversial and cause concern. Therefore, we must have a clear understanding of when, where, how and under what conditions we use this tool. We do not have a "let it burn" policy. The Forest Service's policy is that every fire receives a strategic, risk-based response, commensurate with the threats and opportunities, and uses the full spectrum of management actions, that consider fire and fuel conditions, weather, values at risk, and resources available and that is in alignment with the applicable Land and Resource Management Plan. Line officers approve decisions on strategies and Incident Commanders implement those through tactics in line with the conditions they are dealing with on each incident. We know the dynamic wildland fire environment requires the use of multiple suppression strategies on any incident; however, this year we will more clearly articulate how and when we specifically use fire for resource benefit. The Red Book will be updated to require that during National and/or Regional Preparedness Levels 4 and 5, when difficult trade-off decisions must be made in how to deploy scarce resources most effectively, Regional Forester approval will be required to use this fire management strategy. This is commensurate with *Red Book* prescribed fire direction during these periods.

I am committed to an ongoing dialogue with our partners to ensure safe and effective risk management principles are followed to protect communities, keep our firefighters safe, and produce results that mitigate current and future risks from wildfire. Working closely with our partners to engage in robust dialogue before and during incidents and effective pre-planning has been shown time and again to be a best practice that yields better outcomes when wildfires happen. It is my expectation that all line officers and Fire leadership will fully utilize pre-season engagement planning with their state, county, and local governments, community leaders, and partners, leveraging the best science available, including the Potential Operational Delineation (PODS) program led by Research and Development. When PODS are in place, agency administrators should ensure that incident management teams use them to inform suppression strategies; when they are not, every effort should be made to develop them real-time as part of strategic operations.

I am resolute in continuing to strengthen the quality of our work environment in line with our core values of safety and diversity. Many in the fire community have been steadfast in ending harassment and discrimination and we must continue our work to ensure the wildland fire work environment is physically, psychologically, and socially safe. We all must live up to our Agency Code and

Commitments to treat everyone with respect, empower one another, invest in relationships, model integrity, protect one another, and learn from mistakes. We will continue to provide training, conversation guides, Safety³ toolkits, and other resources to ensure we continue to shine a spotlight on rooting out all forms of harassment. In addition, we continue our commitment to being a learning organization through a pilot *Deep Dive* program led by our Work Environment and Performance Office. This year in fire camps you will see QR codes you can easily access on mobile phone to participate in a ThoughtExchange that will inquire into the lived experiences of wildland firefighters as it relates to harassment and discrimination in everyday work experiences. We need to hear from firefighters directly to learn and then correct harmful cultural norms. Together, we can create an environment where all are treated with dignity and respect. We will not tolerate sexual harassment or other forms of harassment and discrimination in any form. To that end, I expect Agency administrators to issue letters of delegation that place increased focus on prevention of all forms of harassment and discrimination in the incident work environment.

Let us continue to honor our fallen by remaining committed to one another's health, safety, and wellbeing, allowing adequate time for rest and recovery, and ensuring we do all we can to get everyone home safe, every day.

Lag Moore

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